



ROTANGA

Reg. No. L 6811 (Act 36 of 1947)

A wettable powder post-emergence herbicide, packed in water soluble bags for the control of weeds as indicated in wheat, barley and oats in the Western, Southern and Eastern Cape and certain weeds in wheat planted in the summer rainfall region of the northern and north - eastern provinces.

HRAC HERBICIDE GROUP CODE B

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
Chlorsulfuron (sulfonyl urea) 750 g/kg

REGISTERED BY:
BITRAD CONSULTING (PTY) LTD. Co. Reg. No. 2002/025636/07
PO Box 51454, Wierda Park, 0149

ROTANGA is a registered trademark

WARNINGS:

- Store in a cool, dry place.
- Store away from food and feeds.
- Keep out of reach of children, uninformed persons and animals.
- The product may irritate eyes, nose, throat and skin.
- Do not enter treated field until spray deposit has dried unless wearing protective clothing.
- AERIAL APPLICATION:** Notify all inhabitants of the immediate area to be sprayed and issue the necessary warnings. **ROTANGA** is a highly active herbicide that in small quantities, when used incorrectly, can cause serious damage to crop seedlings, deciduous fruit trees and grape vines during the budding- and early season growth stages. Under the following conditions it can cause serious damage as far as 3 to 5 km from the nearest spray path of the aircraft. Cloudy weather with relative humidity above 80% and low air movement of less than 5 km per hour. When such conditions prevail, aerial application should NOT be carried out where crop seedlings, deciduous fruit trees and grape vines in budding or early development stages are present within 5 km of the nearest spray path of the aircraft.
- Incorrect timing of application in terms of crop stage and/or excessive dose rates may damage the crop.
- Temporary retarded growth and yellowing of leaves may occur after application with **ROTANGA** under certain climatic conditions such as prolonged cold, wet periods.

Although this remedy has been extensively tested under a large variety of conditions the registration holder does not warrant that it will be efficacious under all conditions because the action and effect thereof may be affected by factors such as abnormal soil, climatic and storage conditions, quality of dilution water, compatibility with other substances not indicated on the label and the occurrence of resistance of weeds against the remedy concerned as well as by the method, time and accuracy of application. The registration holder furthermore does not accept responsibility for damage to crops, vegetation, the environment or harm to man or animal or for lack of performance of the remedy concerned due to failure of the user to follow label instructions or to the occurrence of conditions that could not have been foreseen in terms of the registration. Consult the supplier in the event of any uncertainty.

PRECAUTIONS:

- Keep the soluble bags dry at all times – until mixing takes place.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke whilst mixing and applying or before washing hands and face.**
- Prevent contamination of food, feed, drinking water and eating utensils.
- Wear protective clothing when mixing the product i.e. overalls, gloves and face shield.
- Wash with soap and water after use and accidental skin contact.
- In case of eye contact, immediately flush with water.
- Wash contaminated clothing daily.
- Do not inhale the spray mist.**
- Avoid drift of spray onto other crops, grazing, rivers, dams and areas not under treatment.
- Cleaning of Application Equipment:** Special attention and care must be taken with cleaning of all equipment used in the mixing and application of **ROTANGA** – before using it for applications on other crops:

 - Drain spray tank and rinse thoroughly with ample water. Flush the pipes, boom and nozzles of applicator with the water.
 - Drain spray tank again and fill with clean water.
 - Add household Ammonia – 1 litre for every 100 litre water.
 - Bleed the system to ensure that all pipes, booms and nozzles are filled with the ammonia solution.
 - Leave the ammonia solution in the applicator for at least one hour.
 - Drain spray tank and pipe system completely.
 - Repeat steps 2 to 6.
 - Remove ammonia residues by flushing system with clean water.
 - Contamination on mixing equipment must also be washed with ammonia solution, whilst those on the outside of equipment can be washed with water.
 - Do NOT dispose the wash water where it will contaminate crops, grazing, rivers and dams, and away from the root zone of desirable plants.**
 - Destroy empty containers by perforation and dispose it in a safe and responsible way. Never use for any other purpose.

RESISTANCE STATEMENT:

ROTANGA is a member of the sulfonylurea group of herbicides (group B) and is an acetolactate synthase (ALS) inhibitor. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to **ROTANGA** and other ALS inhibitors (group B herbicides) may exist through normal genetic variability in a weed population. These resistant weeds can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by **ROTANGA** or by other group B herbicides.

To delay the selection of resistant weeds:

- Integrate tillage or other mechanical control methods (including non-selective herbicides during the fallow period) into weed programmes whenever practical.
- Avoid repeated use of herbicides of the same mode of action groups. Plan crop rotations to allow the use of herbicides from different mode of action groups.
- Maintain herbicide records for each field to prevent repeated use of the same herbicide on the same field.
- Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds and vegetative material to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment and by planting clean seed.
- Inspect each land annually to identify the development of resistance early.
- If the above-mentioned preventative measures are not strictly adhered to, the registration holder cannot be held responsible should **ROTANGA** fail to control resistant weeds.

Note: Sub-standard applications will lead to unsatisfactory control and assist in the development of resistance.

USE RESTRICTIONS:

- The use of **ROTANGA** is restricted to Wheat, Barley and Oats in the Western-, Southern- and Eastern Cape and winter planted wheat in the summer rainfall region of the northern and North - eastern provinces.
- Follow-up crops:**
 - After a **ROTANGA** application, the following pre-plant intervals for follow up crops must be adhered to:
Wheat - 6 months,
Barley, Oats - 10 months,
Any other crops - 20 months
 - Soils with pH levels exceeding 6.5 (KCl) and/or soils containing trace lime may result in longer residual activity of **ROTANGA** in respect of follow-up crops.
- Erratic control/regrowth** of weeds may occur under any of the following conditions:
 - Soils that tend to leach and/or become waterlogged.
 - Solid objects covering the soil surface eg. hard clods and stones.
 - Applications that do not coincide with the correct growth stages of weeds - as recommended.
 - Large weeds that escaped chemical tillage or cultivation will not be controlled.
 - The residual effect on germinating weeds may be limited, which depends on factors such as weed species, soil pH and soil moisture.
- Crop stress conditions.** Do not use **ROTANGA** when crop is growing under any stress condition eg. water logging, drought, disease, very cold conditions (min. night temperatures < 5 °C.), insect damage and nutritional deficiencies (especially Nitrogen).
- Undersown Cereals:** **ROTANGA** must not be applied to cereals undersown with pastures.
- Water quality:** Use only water of good quality as suitable for irrigation, i.e. neutral pH, and without excessive salts/chemicals.
- Compatibility:** Crop safety of certain tank mixtures must be tested prior to application. Always add surfactant at registered rate to **ROTANGA** and also to a **ROTANGA** tank mix together with ROMEX (Metsulfuron-methyl) applications. It is known that chlorpyrifos in mixture with sulfonyl ureas are not safe. Likewise, surfactant must NOT be added to a tank mixture of **ROTANGA** plus other liquid formulation i.e. Bromoxynil, MCPA, Dimethoate etc. when used in the Western-, Southern and Eastern Cape Region. If MCPA is used in tank mix with **ROTANGA**, ensure that the crop is between the correct growth stages 7 to 13 as popularly described. A tank mix application of **ROTANGA** and Dichlofop is not recommended since weed control can be impaired under climatic stress conditions. If a Dichlofop application is followed with a **ROTANGA** or **ROTANGA** tank mix, allow a 7 day interval following the Dichlofop treatment.
- DO NOT leave excessive spray mixture overnight for later use.
- The efficacy of **ROTANGA** may be negatively affected if rain occurs after application, before the spray deposit has dried off.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

USE ONLY AS DIRECTED

- ROTANGA** use is limited to Wheat, Barley and Oats in the Western -, Southern – and Eastern Cape and dry land wheat in the Summer Rainfall Region of the northern and North – eastern provinces. Do not apply **ROTANGA** on cereals grown under Irrigation.
- Apply **ROTANGA** post emergence, within 2-5 weeks after weed emergence, depending on area and weed growth stages and when the crop has reached the 3 – 5 leaf stage.
- ROTANGA** is formulated as a wettable powder and packed in soluble sachets to ensure accurate doses. Each sachet contains 15 g product.
- ROTANGA** may also be used in tank mixtures with ROMEX, Bromoxynil and MCPA.
- If MCPA is added to **ROTANGA** as a tank mix, ensure that the crop is in the correct growth stage between 7 and 13 as popularly described.
- If a **ROTANGA** or **ROTANGA**/ROMEX tank mix is applied – always add surfactant at registered rate.
- If any other liquid formulation is added as tank mix for use in the Western -, Southern and Eastern Cape Region, do NOT add surfactant to the spray mixture.

PRE-MIXING:

- Do not handle the soluble bags with wet gloves.
- Count the number of sachets needed according to number of hectare to be treated and the capacity of the spray tank.
- Add the counted soluble bags into a bucket with water and mix to ensure that total disintegration of the bags and full dispersion of the contents in the water occurs.
- Add this concentrate to the spray tank whilst agitating the spray mixture.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS:

- Fill spray tank to $\frac{1}{2}$ full of water.
- Add the dispersed mixture to the tank through a sieve.
- Rinse the pre-mixing bucket with water into spray tank.
- Add the required amount of partner herbicide in the same manner and/or the surfactant.
- Top up to the required volume while agitating continuously, then proceed as follows:

APPLICATION:

Ground application:

Apply 150 to 250 litre spray mixture per hectare at a constant operating pressure of 150 to 300 kPa and constant ground speed.

Ensure an even coverage of the target area, using boom fitted with solid – or hollow cone nozzles. Prevent overdosing by avoiding overlapping of swaths and spraying whilst moving at speeds below the constant calibration speed and/or stopping.

Aerial application:

ROTANGA may only be applied by a registered Aerial Application Operator using a correctly calibrated, registered aircraft according to the instructions of SANS 10118 (The Aerial Application of Pesticides). Ensure that the spray mixture is distributed evenly over the target area and that the loss of spray material during application is restricted to a minimum. It is therefore essential that the following criteria be met:

- Volume:** A spray mixture volume of 30 to 35 l per hectare is recommended. As this product has not been evaluated at a reduced volume rate, the registration holder cannot guarantee efficacy, or be held responsible for any adverse effects if this product is applied aerially at a lower volume rate than recommended above.
- Droplet coverage:** 30 to 40 droplets per cm² must be recovered at the target area.
- Droplet size:** A droplet spectrum with a VMD of 300 to 350 microns is recommended. Limit the production of fine droplets less than 150 microns (high drift and evaporation potential) to a minimum.
- Flying height:** Maintain the height of the spray boom at 3 to 4 metres above the target. Do not spray when aircraft dives, is in a climb or when banking.
- Use suitable atomising equipment that will produce the desired droplet size and coverage, but which will ensure the minimum loss of product. The spraying system must produce a droplet spectrum with the lowest possible Relative Span.
- Position all the atomisers within the inner 60 to 75 % of the wingspan to prevent droplets from entering the wingtip vortices.
- The difference in temperature between the wet and dry bulb thermometers, of a whirling hygrometer, should not exceed 8°C.
- Stop spraying if the wind speed exceeds 15 km/h.
- Stop spraying under turbulent, unstable and dry conditions during the heat of the day.
- Spraying under temperature inversion conditions (spraying in or above the inversion layer) and/or high humidity conditions (relative humidity 80 % and above) may lead to the following:
 - reduced efficacy due to suspension and evaporation of small droplets in the air (inadequate coverage).
 - damage to other sensitive crops and/or non-target areas through drifting of the suspended spray cloud away from the target field.
- Ensure that the Aerial Spray Operator knows exactly which fields to spray.

Obtain an assurance from the Aerial Spray Operator that the above requirements will be met and that relevant data will be compiled in a logbook and kept for future reference.

APPLICATION TABLE: Western , Southern and Eastern Cape.

| CROP | DOSAGE/ha | DIRECTIONS FOR APPLICATION |
|---------------|--|--|
| WHEAT, | Ground application: Product used alone: 15 g (1 sachet/ha) ROTANGA - 17.5 g (1 sachet/0.86 ha) ROTANGA plus 50 ml Wet-All/100 litre spray mixture OR surfactant at registered rate (except when liquid formulations are used in tank mix) | Apply the higher dose for severe weed infestation and larger weeds. Best weed control results are obtained when applications coincide with optimal growing conditions, when weeds are growing actively under ideal moisture regimes. Apply as a post-emergence application to young weeds which are not exceeding the growth stages given in the following table and when the cereal crop is in the 3 – 5 leaf stage. DO NOT use ROTANGA when crop is growing under stress conditions. Please refer to Use Restrictions and pay attention to limitations of the product in terms of: * Controlling large weeds * Crop stress conditions * Erratic control and regrowth of weeds. * Pre-plant intervals of follow-up crops. * Warning on undersown crops. * Compatibility with other products. * Quality of Water used in applications. |
| BARLEY | Product used in mixture: 12.5 g ROTANGA (1 sachet/1.2 ha) plus 500 ml Bromoxynil (225 EC) OR 10 g ROTANGA (1 sachet/1.5 ha) plus 1000 ml MCPA (400 SL) | Recommended when susceptible growth stages of weeds, especially Emex australis (Spiny emex) exceeds the allowed limit at time of application and/or the advanced growth stage of the crop, disallows the use of traditional hormone type herbicides. |
| OATS | Product used in mixture: 8 g ROTANGA (1 sachet/1.88 ha) plus 10 g ROMEX plus 50 ml Wet-All/100 litre spray mixture OR other surfactant at registered rate OR 8 g ROTANGA (1 sachets/1.88 ha) plus 10 g ROMEX plus 500 ml MCPA (400 SL) For Aerial application with mixtures: Follow recommendations as for ROTANGA used alone. plus Anti Drift Agent/Anti-evaporant if needed, at registered rates. | Recommended when susceptible growth stages of weeds, especially Raphanus (wild radish), exceeds the susceptible allowed limit at time of application. Ensure that the crop is between the correct growth stages 7 and 13 as popularly described. Recommended when susceptible growth stages of weeds, especially Raphanus (wild radish), exceeds the allowed limit at time of application and/or the advanced growth stage of the crop, disallows the use of traditional hormone type herbicides. Recommended when susceptible growth stages of weeds, especially Raphanus (wild radish), exceeds the allowed limit at time of application. Ensure that the crop is between the correct growth stages 7 and 13 as popularly described. |

WEEDS CONTROLLED:

In the Western -, Southern and Eastern Cape Region the following weed species are normally controlled by **ROTANGA**, if used alone, from germination up to the growth stage indicated:

| Common name | Botanical name | Maximum weed size at application |
|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Annual Bluegrass | Poa annua | 5 cm high |
| Chickweed | Stellaria media | 5 cm high |
| Common mustard | Sisymbrium thellungi | 2 leaves |
| Common sow thistle | Sonchus oleraceus | 3 leaves |
| Corn spurry | Spergula arvensis | 3 cm high |
| Fiddleneck | Amsinckia augustiflora | 5 cm high |
| Fumitory | Fumaria officinalis | 3 cm high |
| Galant soldier | Galinago parviflora | 2 cm high |
| Large stinkweed | Pentzia grandiflora | 5 cm high |
| Small stinkweed | Pentzia suffruticosa | 5 cm high |
| Medics | Medicago spp. | 5 leaves |
| Musk herring's bill | Erodium moschatum | 5 cm diameter |
| Narrow leaved ribwort | Plantago lanceolata | 2 leaves |
| Pepperweed | Lepidium africanum | 5 cm high |
| Pigweed (Thorny) | Amaranthus spinosus | 3 leaves |
| Pimpernel | Anagallis arvensis | 2 cm high |
| Prostrate knotweed | Polygonum aviculare | 5 cm high |
| Sorrel (Red) | Oxalis latifolia | 3 leaves |
| Sorrel (Yellow) | Oxalis pescaprae | 4 leaves |
| Spiny emex | Emex australis | 2 seed leaves (cotyledon stage) |
| White goosefoot | Chenopodium album | 5 cm high |
| Wild radish | Raphanus raphanistrum | 4 leaves |

APPLICATION TABLE: Summer Rainfall Region (Dry land wheat only).

| CROP | DOSAGE/ha | DIRECTIONS FOR APPLICATION |
|--------------|---|---|
| WHEAT | Ground application: Product used alone: 15 g (1 sachet/ha) ROTANGA - 17.5 g (1 sachet/0.86 ha) ROTANGA plus 50 ml Wet-All/100 litre spray mixture OR other surfactant at registered rate. | Apply the higher dose for severe weed infestations. Best weed control results are obtained when applications coincide with optimal growing conditions, when weeds are growing actively under ideal moisture regimes. Please refer to Use Restrictions of the product in terms of: * Controlling large weeds * Crop stress conditions * Erratic control and regrowth of weeds * Pre-plant intervals of follow-up crops * Warning on undersown crops * Compatibility with other products * Quality of Water used in applications. |
| | Product used in mixture: 10 g ROTANGA (1 sachet/1.88 ha) plus 100 ml Wet-All /100 litre spray mixture OR 100 ml/100 t spray mixture Allgrail 94 OR other Surfactant at registered rate | This mixture is recommended when susceptible growth stages of weeds exceed the allowed limit at time of application. |

WEEDS CONTROLLED:

</div



ROTANGA

Reg. Nr. L 6811 (Wet 36 van 1947)

'n Benatbare poeler na-opkom onkruiddoder, verpak in wateroplosbare sakkies vir die beheer van onkruid soos aangedui in koring, gars en hawer in die Wes-, Suid- en Oos Kaap en sekere onkruid in koring aangeplant in die somerreënval gebiede van die noordelike en noord - oostelike provinsies.

HRAC ONKRUIDDODER GROEP KODE B

AKTIEWE BESTANDDEEL:
Chlorsulfuron (sulfonielurea) 750 g/kg

GEREGISTREER DEUR:
BITRAD CONSULTING (PTY) LTD. Co. Reg. No. 2002/025636/07
PO Box 51454, Wierda Park, 0149

ROTANGA is 'n geregistreerde handelsmerk

WAARSKUWINGS:

- Bewaar in koel, droë plek.
- Bewaar weg van voedsel en voer.
- Hou buite bereik van kinders, oningelegte persone en diere.
- Die produk mag irritasie van oë, neus, keel en vel veroorsaak.
- Moet nie behandel gebied binnegaan voordat neerslag droog is of beskermende klere gedra word nie.
- LUGTOEDIENING - Stel alle inwoners in die nabye omgewing in kennis van die gebied wat bespuif gaan word en reik die nodige waarskuwings uit. **ROTANGA** is 'n uiters aktiewe onkruiddoder, wat indien verkeerdelik aangewend, ernstige skade kan aanrig aan gewassaaalinge, sagtevrugtobome en wingerde tydens bot en vroeë seisoensgroei. Onder die volgende klimaatstoestande kan dit ernstige skade aanrig vir sover as 3 – 5 km vanaf die naaste sputibaan van die vliegtuig: Bewolke weer met relatiewe humiditeit hoër as 80 % en stadige lugbeweging van minder as 5 km per uur. Waar sulke toestande heers, moet toedienings NIE gedoen word indien gewassaaalinge, sagtevrugtobome of wingerde voorkom binne 5 km vanaf die naaste sputibaan van die vliegtuig nie.
- Verkeerde tydstip van toediening in terme van gewastadium en of oordosisse mag lei tot gewasskade.
- Tydelike vertragde groei en vergeling van die gewas se blare, mag voorkom na toediening met **ROTANGA** onder sekere klimaatstoestande soos lang koue het toestande.

Alhoewel hierdie middel omvattend onder 'n groot verskeidenheid toestande getoets is waarborg die registrasiehouer nie dat dit onder alle toestande doeltreffend sal wees nie, aangesien die werking en effek daarvan beïnvloed kan word deur faktore soos abnormale grond-, klimaats- en beringstoestande; kwaliteit van verdunningswater; vereenbaarheid met ander stowwe wat nie op die etiket aangedui is nie en die voorkoms van weerstand van onkruid teen die betrokke middel sowel as die metode, tyd en akkuraatheid van toediening. Verder aanvaar die registrasiehouer nie verantwoordelikheid vir skade aan gewasse, plantegroei, en omgewing van vir nadelige effek op mens of dier of vir 'n gebrek aan prestasie van die betrokke middel as gevolg van die ontstaan van toestande wat nie kragtens die registrasie voorsien kon word nie. Raadpleeg die verskaffer in die geval van enige onsekerheid.

VOORSORGMAATREELS:

- Hou die oplosbare sakkies ten alle tye droog – totdat vermenging plaasvind.
- Moenie eet, drink of rook terwyl produk gebruik word nie, of voordat hande en gesig gewas is nie.
- Vermy besoedeling van voedsel, voer, drinkwater en eetgerei.
- Dra beschermdle kleure wanneer produk gemeng word met hoi oorpak, handskoene en gesigskerm.
- Was met seep en water na gebruik van toevallige velkontak.
- In geval van kontak met oë, spoel onmiddellik met water.
- Was besoedelde kleure daagliks.
- Moet nie die sputinewel inasem nie.
- Voorkom wegdrywing van die sputinewel na ander gewasse, weiding, riviere, damme en gebiede wat nie behandel moet word nie.
- Skoonmaak van toedieningsapparaat:** Spesiale aandag moet gegee word aan die skoonmaak van sputtoerusting wat gebruik is vir **ROTANGA** – voordat dit gebruik word vir toedienings op ander gewasse.
- 1. Dreineer sputtenk en spool deeglik met genoeg water. Pomp ook water deur die pype, sputbalk en sputpunte.
- 2. Dreineer die sputtenk weer en hervul met skoon water.
- 3. Voeg huishoudelike Ammoniak by water in sputtenk – 1 liter vir elke 100 liter water.
- 4. Bloei die sisteem om verseker dat alle pype, sputbalk en sputpunte gevul is met die Ammoniakoplossing.
- 5. Laat die Ammoniakoplossing vir ten minste een uur.
- 6. Dreineer weer die sputtenk en spoutsisteem.
- 7. Herhaal stappe 2 tot 6.
- 8. Verwyder die Ammoniakresidue deur die spoutsisteem goed te spoel met skoon water.
- 9. Kontaminasie op die mengapparaat moet ook gewas word met 'n Ammoniak oplossing, terwyl residu op die buitekant van sputtoerusting met water afgewas kan word.
- Moet NIE wasweggooi waar dit gewasse, weiding, riviere en damme kan besoedel nie, en weg van die wortelgebied van gewenste plante.
- Vernietig leë hours en moet dit nie gebruik vir enige ander doel nie.

WEERSTANDVERKLARING:

ROTANGA hoort tot die sulfonielureum groep onkruiddoders (groep B) en is 'n acetolaktaat sintase (ALS) inhibeerder. Sommige onkruidbiotypes, weerstandbiedend teen **ROTANGA** en ander ALS inhibeerders (group B onkruiddoders) mag natuurlik voorkom deur normale genetiese variasie in die onkruidpopulasie. Hierdie weerstandbiedende onkruid kan uiteindelik die populasie domineer indien hierdie onkruiddoders herhaaldelik gebruik word. Hierdie weerstandbiedende onkruid sal nie beheer word deur **ROTANGA** of ander B-groep onkruiddoders nie.

Om die seleksie van weerstandbiedende onkruid te vertrag :

- Integreer grondbewerking of ander meganiese beheermetodes (insluitend die gebruik van nie-selektiewe onkruiddoders op braakklaande) met onkruidbeheerprogramme waar prakties moontlik.
- Voorkom herhaaldelike gebruik van onkruiddoders met dieselfde metode van werking. Beplan wisselbu om die gebruik van ander onkruiddoders (uit ander groepe) met verskillende werkingsmetodes moontlik te maak.
- Hou rekord van onkruiddoder gebruik vir elke land, om te voorkom dat dieselfde onkruiddoder herhaaldelik gebruik word op dieselfde land.
- Voorkom die verspreiding van weerstandbiedende onkruid se saad of steggies na ander lande deur implemente en oesmasjene skoon te hou en plant skoon saad.
- Inspecteer elke land jaarliks, om die onwikkeling van weerstand vroeg te identifiseer.
- Indien bovermelde voorkomende maatreels nie streng nagekom word nie, kan die registrasiehouer nie verantwoordelik gehou word indien **ROTANGA** nie weerstandbiedende onkruid beheer nie.

Nota: Sub-standaard toedienings sal lei tot onbevredigende beheer wat kan bydra tot die ontwikkeling van weerstand.

GEBRUIKSBEPERKINGS:

- Die gebruik van **ROTANGA** is beperk tot Koring , Gars en Hawer in the Wes-, Suid- en Oos Kaap, en droëland koring in die somer reënvalgebied van die noordelike en noord oostelike provinsies.
 - Opgvolg gewasse:**
 - Na toediening met **ROTANGA**, moet die volgende tydsintervalle gehandhaaf word, voordat opvolg gewasse geplant word:

| | |
|-------------|-------------|
| Koring | - 6 maande |
| Gars, Hawer | - 10 maande |

Enige ander gewas - 20 maande
 - Gronde met pH vlakke wat 6.5 (KCl) oorskrei en/of gronde wat vry kalk bevat, mag lei tot langer residuele grondaktiwiteit van **ROTANGA** teenoor opvolg gewasse.
 - Wisselvallige beheer/hergoei** van onkruid mag voorkom onder enige van die volgende toestande:
 - Gronde wat loog en/of versuiping toon.
 - Vaste stowwe wat grondoppervlak bedek soos harde kluite en klippe.
 - Toedienings wat nie ooreenkoms met die regte groeistadiums van onkruid nie – soos aanbeveel.
 - Groot onkruid wat voorplant bespuitings en/of bewerkingsoorleef het, sal nie beheer word nie.
 - Die effek van grondodraging op ontklemende onkruid is beperk, wat weer afhang van faktore soos onkruidspecies, pH van grond, grondvloer en temperatuur.
 - Gewas stremmingstoestande:** Moet nie **ROTANGA** toedien indien gewas onder stremmingstoestande verkeer nie bv. versuiping, droogte, siektes, uiters koue toestande (min. nagtemperatuur < 5° C.), insekskade en voedingstekorte (veral Stikstof).
 - Ondergesaaide kleingraan:** **ROTANGA** moet nie toegedien word op kleingraan wat ondergesaaie is met weiding nie.
 - Water kwaliteit:** Gebruik slegs water van goeie kwaliteit soos geskik vir besproeing nl. neutrale pH en vry van soutie/chemikaliëe.
 - Mengbaarheid:** Die veiligheid op gewasse van tenkmengsels moet getoets word voordat kommersiële toedienings plaasvind. Voeg altyd 'n benattingsmiddel by, teen geregistreerde dosis, met gebruik van **ROTANGA** en **ROTANGA** tenkmengsel met ROMEX (Metsulfuronmetiel).
- Dit is bekend dat Chlorsulfuron in mengsel met **ROTANGA** nie veilig is op gewasse nie.
Soortgelyk, moet benatting NIE bygevoeg word indien **ROTANGA** gebruik word in mengsel met ander vloeibare formulassies nie nl. Bromoksinsil, MCPA, Dimetoat ens. in die Wes-, Suid- en Oos Kaap streke nie.
Indien MCPA gebruik word in tenkmengsels met **ROTANGA**, verseker dat die gewas in die regte groeistadium 7 tot 13 is, soos algemeen beskryf.

'n Tenkmengsel van **ROTANGA** en Diklofop word nie aanbeveel nie omdat onkruidbeheer beperk kan word onder klimaatstremming toestande. Indien 'n Diklofop toediening opgevolg word met 'n **ROTANGA** toediening, of **ROTANGA** tenkmengsel, laat 'n 7 dae wagtyd toe na die Diklofop behandeling.

- MOET NIE ongebruikte sputinewel oornag laat vir latere gebruik nie.
- Die effektiwiteit van **ROTANGA** mag negatief beïnvloed word indien reën voorkom na toediening voordat die sputinewel afgedroog het.

GEBRUIKSAANWYSINGS:

- Die gebruik van **ROTANGA** is beperk tot Koring, Gars en Hawer in die Wes-, Suid-, en Oos Kaap, en droëland koring in die somer reënvalgebied van die noordelike en noord oostelike provinsies.
- Moet nie **ROTANGA** toedien op kleingraan onder besproeing nie.
- Sput **ROTANGA** na-opkoms, binne 2-5 weke nadat onkruidie ontkiem het , afhangend van streek en groeistadia van onkruid, en wanner die gewas die 3-5 blaar stadium bereik het.
- ROTANGA** is geformuleer as 'n benatbare poeler en verpak in oplosbare sakkies om akkurate dosisse te verseker. Elke sakkie bevat 15 g produk.
- ROTANGA** kan in tenkmengsels gebruik word met ROMEX, MCPA en Bromoksinsil.
- Indien MCPA gebruik word in tenkmengsel met **ROTANGA**, verseker dat die gewas in die regte groeistadium 7 tot 13 is, soos algemeen beskryf.
- Indien **ROTANGA**, of 'n **ROTANGA**/ROMEX tenkmengsel toedien word, voeg altyd 'n benatting by teen geregistreerde dosis.
- Indien enige vloeibare formulassie bygevoeg word as tenkmengsel in die Wes-, Suid-, en Oos Kaap, moet GEEN benatting bygevoeg word nie.

VOORMENG PROSES:

- Moet nie die oplosbare sakkies met nat handskoene hanteer nie.
- Tel die getal sakkies af wat benodig word volgens die aantal hektaar wat behandel moet word en die kapasiteit van die sputtenk.
- Gooi die getelde sakkies in 'n emmer met water en meng om te verseker dat volle disintegrasie van die sakkies en volle dispersie van die inhoud in die water plaasgevind het.
- Voeg hierdie gekonsentreerde mengsel in die sputtenk terwyl roering plaasvind.

MENGINSTRUKSIES:

- Vul die sputtenk ½ vol met water.
- Voeg die gedispergerde konseraatmengsel in tenk deur 'n sif.
- Spoel die mengemmer uit met water in die sputtenk
- Voeg hierna die verkoede mengkandidaat onkruiddoder by op dieselfde manier en/of die benatting
- Vul tenk tot verlangde kapasiteit terwyl voortdurend geroer word.

TOEDIENING:

Grondtoediening:

Dien toe in 150 tot 250 liter sputinewel per hektaar teen 'n konstante sputdruk van 150 tot 300 kPa en konstante grondspoed. Verseker 'n eweredige bedekking van die teikengebied, deur sputbalk toegerus met soliede of holkeelsputpunte te gebruik. Voorkom oordosisse deur oorleueling van sputbane te vermy, asook bespuiting terwyl teen lae spoed beweeg word (onder kalibrasiespoed) en/of gestop word.

Lugtoediening: (SIEN WAARSKUWING HIERBO)

ROTANGA kan slegs deur 'n geregistreerde Lugbespuitingsoperateur met 'n korrek gekalibreerde, geregistreerde vliegtuig volgens die instruksies van SANAS Kode 10118 (The Aerial Application of Pesticides) uit die lug bespuit word. Verseker dat die sputinewel eweredig of die teikengebied, deur sputbalks versprei word, en die verlies aan sputinewel tydens toediening tot 'n minimum beperk word. Dit is daarom belangrik om aan die volgende vereistes te voldoen:

- Volume: 'n Sputinewel volume van 30 tot 35 l per ha word aanbeveel. Hierdie produk is nie teen 'n verlaagde volume getoets nie. Die registrasiehouer kan nie effektiel waaborg, of as hierbo aanbeveel, toediening word.
- Druppel bedekking: 30 tot 40 druppels per cm² moet op die teikenarea herwin word.
- Druppelgrootte: 'n Druppelspektrum met 'n VMD van 300 tot 350 mikrons word aanbeveel. Beperk die produksie van druppels kleiner as 150 mikrons (hoë drywing en verdampingspotensiaal) tot 'n minimum.
- Vlieghoogte: Handhaaf die hoogte van die sputbalk bo die teiken op 3 tot 4 meter. Moet nie sput wanneer die vliegtuig duik, uitklip of draai nie.
- Gebruik geskikte atomiseringsapparaat wat die vereiste druppelgrootte en bedekking sal produseer, maar die minste verlies van produk versker. Die spuitstelsel moet 'n druppelspektrum met die kleinste moontlike Relatiewe Span produsere.
- Plaas al die atomiseerde in die binnekste 60 tot 75 % van die vlerkspan om te verhoed dat druppels binne-in die vlerkpuntvakte beweeg.
- Die verskil in temperatuur tussen die nat- en droëboltermometer van 'n swaaihigrrometer, moet nie 8°C oorskry nie.
- Stop bespuit indien die windspoed 15 km/uur oorskry.
- Stop bespuiting tydens turbulente, onstabiele en droë toestande gedurende die hitte van die dag.
- Bespuiting onder temperatuur inversie toestande (deur bo of binne die inversie laag te sput) en/of hoë lugvoeg toestande (relatiewe humiditeit 80% en meer) mag tot volgende probleme aanleiding gee:
 - verlaagde effektiwiteit aangesien die druppels as 'n walk in die lug bly hang en moontlik verdamp (onvoldoende bedekking op teiken).
 - skade aan nie-teiken gewasse of sensitieve areas as gevolg van wegdrywing van die sputwolk na nie-teiken area.
- Verseker dat die Lugbespuitingsoperateur presies weet watter lande bespuit moet word.

Dit is noodsaklik om 'n verskering van die Lugbespuitingsoperateur te verkry dat aan al die bogenoemde vereistes voldoen sal word en dat data van belang in 'n logboek saamgevat is vir toekomstige verwysing.

TOEDIENINGSTABEL: Wes-, Suid en Oos Kaap.

| GEWAS | DOSIS/ha | AANWYSINGS VIR TOEDIENING |
|---|---|---|
| KORING GARS en HAWER | Grond toediening: Produk alleen gebruik: 15 g (1 sakkie/ha) ROTANGA - 17,5 g (1 sakkie/0,86 ha) ROTANGA plus 50 ml Wet-All /100 liter sputinewel of ander benatting teen geregistreerde dosis. | Dien toe teen hoë dosis indien swaar onkruiddruk voorkom. Beste onkruidbeheer word verkyk wanner toedienings saamval met optimale groeitoestande, wanner onkruidie aktief groei onder ideale vogstatus. Dien toe as na-opkoms bespuiting op jong onkruid wat nie die groeistadium oorskry soos aangegee in die onderstaande tabel nie en wanner die gewas in die 3 – 5 blaar groeistadium is. MOET NIE ROTANGA gebruik indien die gewas onder stremmingstoestande groei nie. Verwys asseblief na Gebruiksbeperkings van die produk in terme van: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Beheer van groot onkruid * Gewas stremmingstoestande * Wisselvallige beheer en hergoei van onkruid. * Wagperiode tot opvolgwassie. * Beperking van gebruik op ondergesaaides. * Mengbaarheid met ander produkte. * Kwaliteit van water gebruik vir bespuitings. Hierdie mengsel word aanbeveel wanner die groeistadium van onkruidie, veral Emex australis (Kaapse dubbeltjie) die vatbare stadium oorskry het teen tyd van toediening en/of die gevorderde groeistadium van die gewas, die gebruik van tradisionele hormoononkruiddoders beperk. |
| | Produk in mengsels: 10 g ROTANGA (1 sakkie/1,88 ha) + 30 g ROMEX + 1,0 liter MCPA 400 SL OF 300 ml 2,4-D Amien 480 SL + 50 ml Wet-All /100 liter sputinewel OF 100 ml AllGRAL 94/100 liter sputinewel OF ander benatting teen geregistreerde dosis. | Aanbeveel wanner die gewas onder stremmingstoestande groei nie. Hierdie mengsel word aanbeveel wanner die groeistadium van onkruidie, veral Emex australis (Kaapse dubbeltjie) die vatbare stadium oorskry het teen tyd van toediening. Verseker dat die gewas in die korrekte groeistadium 7 tot 13 is soos beskryf. |
| | Met lugtoediening: Volg dieselfde aanwysings as hierbo.< | |